# 國立關西高中98學年度第二學期 綜高二年級英文 第二次期中考試題

附卡

班級	<b>ት</b> ፡	座號:		<b>;</b> :
	· 字彙測驗: 1 5 %			
1.	Hank tried to get in	with his colleg	ge classmates but in vain	ı <b>.</b>
	(A) contact	(B) decade	(C) sorrow	(D) pastime
2.	Sarah is definitely _	to me, and it hur	ts my feelings a lot.	_
	(A) important	(B) intellectual	(C) inferior	(D) indifferent
3.	It is impossible to ha	ive a conversat	ion with him. He always	s sticks to his own opinions.
	(A) rational	(B) potential	(C) systematic	(D) cosmetic
4.	Are you still expecti	ng James? He is	_ with his business and	definitely has no time to
	come to your aid.			
	(A) ensured	(B) dragged	(C) occupied	(D) possessed
5.	Shuchu Chen, a vege	etable vendor in Taitu	ng, has been honored for	r her charitable donating. Her
	generosity is a demo	onstration of to	those in need.	
	(A) advantage	(B) humanity	(C) concentration	(D) repentance
5.	The speech was so b	oring that I couldn't f	ocus my attention on it _	·
	(A) previously	(B) namely	(C) throughout	(D) alike
7.	The effect of the pol	lution on the beaches	is absolutely	
	(A) tragic	(B) sober	(C) dizzy	(D) central
3.	We him from	giving up the job, but	he still quit and returne	d to school for further
	studies.			
	(A) retrospected	(B) respected	(C) encouraged	(D) discouraged
9.	Birth, aging, illness,	and death ares	stages in life. They are a	ll certain to happen.
	(A) occasional	(B) simplistic	(C) mainstream	(D) inevitable
10.	The palace has been	rebuilt to its original	and it attracts ple	nty of visitors each year.
	(A) bargan	(B) splendor	(C) labor	(D) hardship
11.	The school m	any famous baseball a	athletes and is renowned	for its professional trainings.
	(A) regulates	(B) cultivates	(C) bereaves	(D) decorates
12.	After hearing the go	od news of being adm	itted to the UCLA, Gab	riel silent and nobody
	knew what was in hi	s mind.		
	(A) remained	(B) regained	(C) reacted	(D) retreated
13.	The country has rece	ently great char	nge either in politics or i	n economy. Its people all
	have great anxiety al	oout their future.		
	(A) subscribed	(B) cherished	(C) undergone	(D) endured
14.	The traffic jam is so	that everyone	is getting more and more	e impatient with the situation.
	(A) willing	(B) fleeting	(C) neighboring	(D) annoying
15.	He received a letter s	saying that his	had been rejected.	
	(A) application	(R) inhabitation	(C) restoration	(D) symbolization

二、綜合測驗:27	%		
[A] People in the V	West knew little al	bout life in Asia, and people	e in Asia didn't really understand
those Westerners. How	ever, all of these l	has changed. <u>(16)</u> trar	nsportation and communication,
the East and the West a	re keeping in tou	ch with each other more free	quently and easily. (17)
was seen as strange, ex	otic and dangerou	us can turn into a fad. Today	, people across the West are
embracing Eastern foo	ds, practices, and	beliefs. (18) tradition	al Chinese medicine for
instance. Chinese herba	al medicine is nov	w (19) alongside West	tern medicine at many hospitals
in the West. Besides, it	is a common sigh	nt that patients are being trea	ated with acupuncture, a
medical treatment in w	hich needles are i	nsertied into specific posito	on of the body. It is increasingly
popular with Westerner	rs, especially used	l to (20) chronic pain	and even cure some diseases.
Since the East and the	West interact mor	re frequently, (21) the	relationship between them has
now become closer tha	n ever. And they	more create a multicultural	varieties in the future.
16. (A) Through	(B) For	(C) Except	(D) Because
17 (A) It	(B) That	(C) What	(D) Who

now become closer than ever. And they more create a multicultural varieties in the future.								
16. (A) Through	(B) For	(C) Except	(D) Because					
17. (A) It	(B) That	(C) What	(D) Who					
18. (A) Have	(B) Take	(C) Put	(D) Use					
19. (A) destructive	(B) protective	(C) flexible	(D) available					
20. (A) treat	(B) treating	(C) be treated	(D) being treated					
21. (A) needless to say	(B) useless to say	(C) that is unlikely	(D) it goes without saying					

[B] Hanami, which means "flower viewing" in Japanese, is a famous Japanese tradition that celebrates the annual blooming of cherry blossoms. The practice began in the eighth century, (22) Japan was heavily influenced by the Tang Dynasty. They began emulating the Chinese custom of spending time outdoors and observing flowers. At first, (23) plum blossoms that were held in high esteem. By the end of the ninth century, (24), cherry blossoms overtook them in popularity and were (25) sacred. In addition, the yearly cherry blossom also indicated that it was time (26) farmers (26) planting rice for the new year.

As Japan moderized and expanded, cherry blossom became an important symbol of power and national pride. In imperial Japan, generals would plant cherry trees to show that a \_\_\_(27)\_\_ territory now belonged to Japan. Therefore, durig the early 20<sup>th</sup> century, cherry blossoms \_\_\_(28)\_\_ Taiwan. One of the first palces cherry trees were planted was Alisan. In 1921, three years after Japanese first imported cherry saplings into Taiwan, Alisan experienced its first-ever cherry blossom season and has become a great scenic spot for hanami since then.

OIOL	biosson season and has become a great seeme spot for handin since then.						
22.	(A) but	(B) when	(C) and thus	(D) likewise			
23.	(A) due to	(B) other than	(C) it was	(D) there was			
24.	(A) otherwise	(B) moreover	(C) consequently	(D) however			
25.	(A) thought of	(B) regarded to	(C) viewed	(D) considered			
26.	(A) for; to start	(B) for; started	(C) that; to start	(D) that; start			
27.	(A) capturing	(B) captured	(C) sacrificing	(D) sacrificed			
28.	(A) were forced into	(B) were robbed of	(C) were betrayed by	(D) were introduced to			

(C) Roald Dah	al created many fantastic tales	that appeal to thousan	ds of adults and children. In
James and the Gian	at Peach, Dahl tells a story abo	out James Trotter, an o	rphan (29) with his
two terrible aunts. (	One day, he gets some magical	l crystals from an frien	dly old man but spills them
onto a peach tree.	(30) happens. One of the	peaches grows to the	size of house, and it starts
his following wond	rous journey. In the peach, Jan	mes finds huge insects	and makes friends with
them. They have an	exciting (31) which take	kes him away from his	troubles. During the trip,
James deals with is:	sues of friendship, justice, and	d overcoming fears. In	exploring these topics, Dahl
provides life lesson	s (32) for any child.		
From Matilda	a to Charlie and the Chocolate	e Factory, Dahl's work	ks amaze readers with his
vigorous and limitle	ess imagination, rich in elemen	nts of all fantasy storie	es. <u>(33)</u> , it is about
magic and an unord	linary world created by magic	. In such a world, the r	nain character can get rid of
troubles in the regu	lar life and experience a "(3	ceremoney". Th	e next element is about the
theme of good(3	evil. Third, the main ch	naracter must be a "her	o," which gets him to take
on challenges and c	complete his ceremoney of gro	owing up at the end of	the story. Drawing
inspiration from his	s own life and (36) life e	experience into vivid d	escriptions, Dahl arrests the
world's attention w	ith a heart "remembering wha	t it was like to be your	ng."
29. (A) lives	(B) to live	(C) living	(D) lived
30. (A) Strange son	mething (B) Weird something	(C) Something wicke	ed (D) Something bizarre
31. (A) adventure	(B) spotlight	(C) necessity	(D) affair
32. (A) worthy of 1	learning (B) worthy to learn	(C) worth learning	(D) worth to be learned
33. (A) Then	(B) First of all	(C) Eventually	(D) What's more
34. (A) graduation	(B) collapse	(C) maturity	(D) update
35. (A) prevails ov	ver (B) wins	(C) fights against	(D) versus
36. (A) transmittin	g (B) transforming	(C) transplanting	(D) translating
[D] On the jou	urney of life, we may experien	ace joy and sorrow alte	rnately. Appreciation of the
_	see us through these moments	• •	
•	ne world. After all, (38)		•
	the stars shine in the sky(		=
	tness of joy. The greater diffic		
<b>5</b> •	ead, the appreciaton of life co	•	
	h, the willingness to simplify		
_	is to true nobility—being supe		
people.			
37. (A) lies in	(B) results from	(C) makes for	(D) rules out
38. (A) but that	(B) were it not for	(C) if there is not	(D) if it hadn't been
39. (A) Similarly	(B) In the other way		(D) On the other hand
40. (A) we may ge	•	(B) the more pleasur	
	get more pleasure	(D) and the more we	
41. (A) need to	(B) need	(C) needn't to	(D) needn't
42. (A) thirst for	(B) thirsty for	(C) eagerness to	(D) eager to

$\equiv$	· 狄克生片語: 1 0	)%		
43.	He college an	nd went straight into the	NBA as a professional b	asketball player.
	(A) looked down or	(B) dropped out of	(C) made up for	(D) went in for
44.	Dennis promised to	come on Sunday but he	broke his words and nev	er
	(A) opened up	(B) held up	(C) stayed up	(D) showed up
45.	I am sure we haven	't met each other before.	But strangely, I seem to	·
	(A) give him a ring	(B) drop him a line	(C) know him by sight	t (D) take him by surprise
46.	The girl sitting next	to me has fallen in love	with me, and that	t really bothers me.
	(A) somehow or oth	ner (B) above all	(C) in the way	(D) to my hear's content
47.	The government is	tests on geneticall	y modified crops to see	if it is safe to eat.
	(A) carrying out	(B) setting out	(C) sending out	(D) making out
48.	Not preferring how	it looked, the couple	the house right after	they bought it.
	(A) took over	(B) thought over	(C) turned over	(D) made over
49.	Tim his fami	ly and headed to Italy fo	r further studies in arts.	
	(A) took leave of	(B) put up with	(C) run errands for	(D) looked up to
50.	I almost at th	ne sight of all blood on the	e ground. It was a bit sc	ary to me.
	(A) got lost	(B) got stuck	(C) passed out	(D) passed away
51.	The U.S. are	to find a solution to oil l	eaking in the Mexico Gu	ılf.
	(A) making sense	(B) taking pains	(C) making faces	(D) giving birth
52.	After years of impro	ovement, the quality of E	British wines can now	that of wines from
	Germany.			
	(A) believe in	(B) stand for	(C) compare with	(D) come across
四、	· 文意選塡:12%	(不考慮選項首字大人	寫)	
A.	that	B. evident	C. with	D. ever before
E.	convinced	AB. since	AC. even	AD. opened
	China's commerci	al capital of Shanghai ha	as always been all about	business. Nowhere is that
mor	re <u>(53)</u> than at	its World Expo, a giant b	pazaar of ideas, technolog	gies and outright PR
offe	nsives focused on th	e world's fastest-growing	g major market. The Exp	oo, which <u>(54)</u> to the
pub	lic on May 1 <sup>st</sup> , is a m	nultibillion dollar busines	ss opportunity (55)	has generated massive
	•		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	arted out displaying new
indu	istrial technologies a	longside new design and	l cultural offerings in the	e mid-19 <sup>th</sup> century, world's
fair	s have always been s	omething of a global ma	rketplace in miniature.	(57) China's

economy growing faster than most and poised to soon overtake Japan's as the second-biggest after

the U.S., the Expo's role as a venue for networking and marketing is bigger than (58).

#### 國立關西高中 98 學年度第二學期 綜高二年級英文 第二次期中考試題

#### 六、閱讀測驗: 16%

(A)As for us, we're quite fortunate—luckier than millions of people. It's quiet and safe here, and we're using our money to buy food. We're so selfish that we talk about "after the war" and look forward to new clothes and shoes, when actually we should be saving every penny to help others when the war is over, to salvage whatever we can.

The children in this neighborhood run around in thin shirts and wooden shoes. They have no coats, no socks, no caps and no one to help them. Gnawing on a carrot, they walk from their cold houses through cold streets to an even colder classroom. Things have gotten so awful in Holland that hordes of children stop pedestrians in the streets to beg for a piece of bread.

I could spend hours telling you about the suffering the war has brought, but I'd only make myself more miserable. All we can do is wait, as calmly as possible, for it to end. Jews and Christians alike are waiting; the whole world is waiting, and many are waiting for death.

- 59. What is the <u>change in the mood</u> behind the passage?
  - (A) Positive  $\rightarrow$  negative

- (B) Negative  $\rightarrow$  positive
- (C) Positive  $\rightarrow$  negative  $\rightarrow$  positive
- (D) Negative  $\rightarrow$  positive  $\rightarrow$  negative
- 60. Why does the author feel *selfish* as shown in the second line?
  - (A) She has no money to help others.
- (B) She's not kind enough to give money away.
- (C) She wants to buy new clothes and shoes. (D) She doesn't think about others' conditions.
- 61. The second paragraph describes that \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (A) kids are having fun in the streets
- (B) kids are left abandoned on the road
- (C) children are knowing nothing to do
- (D) children are playing jokes on others

[B]A massive landslide near Keelung cut off a major portion of Freeway No. 3, marking the first time a national expressway has been blocked by a landslide. The landslide buried three vehicles and caused four victims dead in the accident.

The incident happened at 2:33 p.m., April 25th, crushing a section of Freeway No. 3 in Qidu from the 3.1-kilometer mark on the southbound side to the 2.8-kilometer mark on the northbound side, according to fire officials from Keelung City. The length of the freeway affected by the landslide totaled 300 meters.

Repair workers have cleared a path on the side of a section of Freeway No. 3, making it easier for them to remove mud and transport it to dump sites. As for when the highway will be open to regular vehicles, at this point an exact date wasn't able to be givin. Highway authorities still have to evaluate damage caused to the pavement and railing of the highway before they can allow passenger vehicles to travel on it.

Lin Chao-tsung, director of the Central Geological Survey under the Ministry of Economic Affairs, attributed the landslide to damaged rock anchors in the restraining walls along the freeway. "Faulty construction or wear on the anchors may have *precipitated* the collapse of a hill hovering

over the freeway's Keelung-Sijhih section. The side of the hill facing the freeway was a dip
slope—a geological formation particularly vulnerable to landslides—composed largely of
sandstone," Lin said. Some academics have suggested that damaged rock anchors might be behind
the landslide and warned that 32 dip slopes along the nation's freeways are potentially at risk.

62.	This passage can be for	ound in			
	(A) a touring guide	(B) a variety show	(C) a news comment	(D) a weather forecasting	
63.	As for the landslide, v	which statement is TRU	E?		
	(A) None was injured	in this incident. (B)	It occurred on a rainy of	lay.	
	(C) The freessway wa	s not reopened yet. (D)	The expressway was d	amaged for one kilometer.	
64.	According to research	, the landslide is possib	oly caused by fac	tors.	
	(A) earth-related	(B) flood-affected	(C) human-neglecting	(D) climate-changing	
65.	The word <u>precipitate</u>	in the last paragraph is	equal to "".		
	(A) lessen	(B) speed up	(C) calm down	(D) examine	
66.	A dip slope				
	(A) is made up of only	y sandstone	(B) gives residents a safe palce to live on		
	(C) makes driving uns	safe everywhere	(D) makes the landslic	le possible	

#### 國立關西高中98學年度第二學期 綜高二年級英文 第二次期中考 非選試題卷

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- 67. This book gives parents advice on how to <u>d</u> <u>e</u> their children and it is hightly recommended by teachers and eductional organizations.
- 68. Mom, do we have anything to eat? I am s ing to death.
- 69. Julia is a rather a e mother who always treats her children with love and care.
- 70. Teenagers are likely to get in <u>c</u> t with their parents as a form of rebellion against the family authority.
- 71. Be sure to use <u>s</u> <u>e</u> knives for raw meat and other vegetables in order to keep from contamination.
- 72. The word *yoga* means "union" in Sanskrit, the language of ancient India. The union occurs when the mind, body and spirit are <u>h</u> sly linked together.
- 73. I can't <u>p</u> e any difference between this painting and my scrabbling. How could it cost so much?
- 74. It's too soon to make a \_\_\_\_\_ (judge) about what the outcome will be.
- 75. When you pull up at the side of the road, pay attention to motorcycles, bicycles or \_\_\_\_\_\_ (pass).
- 76. The man burned with \_\_\_\_\_ (curious) over what was written in his father's will.

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## 國立關西高中98學年度第二學期 綜高二年級英文 第二次期中考 非選答案卷

班級:	<b>座號</b> :	姓名:

### 六、閱讀測驗:16%

59	6	60	61			
62		63	64	65	66	

### 七、文意字彙:20%

67	68	69	70	
71	72	73	74	
75	76			