**國立關西高級中學107學年度第一學期題目試卷**

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 試別 | 期末考 | 科目 | 英文 | 命題教師 | 楊茨茵 |
| 適用班級 | 二丙、二丁、園二、畜二、工二、家二 | 卷別 |  雙面、共 4 頁 | 答案卡 | 是(大卡)  |
| 班級 |  | 座號 |  | 姓名 |  | **總分** |  |

一、字彙選擇(18%)

1. I don’t think I should make a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ since I didn’t do anything wrong.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (A) pressure | (B) apology | (C) liberty | (D) criticism  |

2.Learning the basic \_\_\_\_\_of pronunciation(發音) helps students spell English words more easily.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (A) principles | (B) principals | (C) imports | (D) exports  |

3.Since several measures of economic reform(改革) were introduced, the country has become \_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (A) broad  | (B) unfortunate  | (C)  prosperous  | (D) direct |

4. Nick \_\_\_\_\_ his parents when he was caught cheating on the test.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (A) cherished | (B) edited  | (C) contained   | (D) disappointed |

5. The teacher \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the students’ performance at the end of the semester(學期).

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (A) evaluated | (B) located | (C) prescribed | (D) contacted |

6. The university president has a high social \_\_\_\_\_\_, and is highly respected by the city’s residents.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (A) system | (B) stock  | (C)  status  | (D) statue |

7. Instant noodles are \_\_\_\_\_ in every convenience store; you can buy them everywhere whenever you are hungry.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (A) energetic | (B) environmental | (C) active | (D) available |

8. Kevin was late for the interview because he got the building’s \_\_\_\_\_ wrong.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (A) weight | (B) address | (C) liberty | (D) portion  |

9. I go to work on foot because it is a short \_\_\_\_\_ between my home and the office.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (A) demand | (B) difficulty | (C) destruction | (D) distance |

10. I truly believe that Judy is \_\_\_\_\_\_; she couldn’t have committed the crime, and she is not the killer.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (A) innocent | (B) moody | (C)  reliable | (D) immune |

11. At the end of the \_\_\_\_\_, the audience stood up and clapped for the singer

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (A) distribution | (B) residence | (C) performance  | (D) explosion |

12.I always \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my problems with Alice because she can give me good advice.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (A) enter | (B) consume | (C) discuss | (D) cause |

13. The nine national parks in Taiwan \_\_\_\_\_\_ the country’s valuable natural resources.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (A) serve | (B) deserve  | (C) observe  | (D) preserve |

14. Nothing can change Linda’s decision about studying abroad; she has made up her mind.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (A) supervise | (B)  alter  | (C) remain  | (D) collect  |

15. People often associate Paris with high fashion.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (A) relate | (B) shine | (C) bother | (D) discover |

16. David’s mother asked Sally about her parents’ jobs. She wanted to know where they work.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (A) counters | (B) methods | (C) occupations  | (D) excuses |

17. The wedding ring on the woman’s finger indicated that she was married.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (A) insisted | (B) assembled | (C) inspired  | (D) revealed |

18. Anyone who has mistreated an animal should not be allowed to own another pet.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (A) spread | (B) abused | (C) covered  | (D) responded  |

二、對話(10%)

19. Ann: I like Helen Smith’s latest novel. She really knows how to tell a good story!

 Joy: Really? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 Ann: Sure, but I haven’t finished it yet.

 Joy: All right. I’ll wait until you finish it.

 (A) Is it based on a true story? (B) Is she going to tell us a story?

 (C) Do you know I saw her yesterday? (D) Can you lend it to me to take a look?

20. Amber: You must be out of your mind to eat bread for every meal.

Billy: I know what you are trying to say, but I’m saving money.

Amber: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Billy: I want to buy a nice birthday present for my father.

(A)What made you upset? (B) Really? What for?

(C)How much did you pay? (D)Do I have to do so?

21. Sam: Do you think I should tell my parents about this accident?

Mike: Of course. You’d better tell them as soon as you can, or things will get worse.

Sam: But I’m afraid they won’t understand.

Mike: Don’t worry! It wasn’t your fault anyway.

Sam: I know. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_That’s what I am worried about.

(A) It’s just between you and me. (B) How did you know about the accident?

(C) But they don’t take bad news very well. (D) Why don’t you just ignore this conversation?

22. Tom: My dad loves my mom very much, even after such a long marriage.

Emily: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Tom: Well, he always tells her that he loves her the way she is.

Emily: That sounds sweet.

Tom: And he always kisses her goodbye before going out.

Emily: Wow, it seems they are still very much in love after all these years.

(A) How can you tell that he does? (B) How long ago did they meet?

(C) What does he wish for most? (D) What was the wedding like?

23. Sandy: Can you come over for lunch this Saturday?

Emily: Well, I'd love to. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Sandy: That's OK. Maybe some other time.

(A) What's your address? (B) Let me know when I should come.

(C) Is there anything wrong? (D) But I've an appointment with my dentist

三、綜合測驗(30%)

Josh, a smart and handsome boy, had a problem with anger control. He would say something hurtful when he got angry. As a result, he had　24　 friends. 　25　 worried about Josh’s bad temper, his father tried to help him. He gave Josh a hammer and a bag of nails, telling him to pound a nail into the fence 　26　 he became mad. Although the fence was as 　27　 as iron, Josh hammered 37 nails just within a day! However, he found it is easier to control his anger 　28　 to hammer nails. 　29　, Josh used less nails, and one day, he no longer needed nails to control his anger anymore. Knowing this, his father gave him a hug and suggested that he

　30　 any rude words to other people, because the hurtful words he had said would leave scars, just like the fence. 　31　was the lesson that Josh would never forget for the rest of his life.

2 4. (A) little (B) a little (C) few (D) a few

2 5. (A) Feel (B) Feeling (C)To feel (D)Felt

26. (A) however (B) whatever (C) wherever (D)whenever

27. (A) tough (B) toughly (C) tougher (D) more toughly

28. (A) and (B) than (C)as (D) until

29. (A) At times (B) In this way (C)Over time (D) Nevertheless

30. (A) never say (B) never said (C) never says (D) had never said

31. (A) Which (B) That (C) This (D) It

 A successful slogan is helpful in selling products. For example, Nike’s “Just Do It,” which is full of determination, helps Nike

　32　 more customers. Because of the slogan, Nike 　33　 successfully beats its main competitor Reebok \_\_33\_\_ increases its market share in a very short time. 　34　 example comes from the convenience store 7-Eleven. It turns the image of the convenience store into its slogan, “Always Open, 7-Eleven.” The phrase shows that the convenience store welcomes every customer with an open mind no matter　35　 late it is.

 To make more people 　36　their products, companies always try hard to make themselves 　37　 by creating good slogans.

　38　 are creative. 　38　 are funny. 　38　 are simply eye-catching. If a slogan catches people’s attention, it can be regarded as a successful one.

3 2. (A) attracted (B) to attracting (C) attracting (D) attract

3 3. (A) not only...but also (B) neither...nor (C) either...or (D) as...as

3 4. (A) Other (B) Another (C) The other (D) Others

3 5. (A) which (B) what (C) how (D) when

36. (A) buy (B) buys (C) bought (D) buying

37. (A) know (B) knows (C) known (D) knowing

38. (A) Other; Still other; Some (B) Some; Other; Still other

(C) Another; Some; The Other (D) Some; Others; Still others

四、閱讀測驗(18%)

 Family usually has a great influence on one’s life, especially as children move on into their teenage years. In the past, children used to be influenced by their parents because interests and professions were usually passed down. However, as time changes, this influence is not the same as before.

 In the past, children usually developed interests similar to their parents’. These interests may be a love for outdoor activities or a good ear for a certain type of music. However, things are now different. Television and the Internet now seem to play a bigger part in the development of teenagers’ interests. This can later influence their choice of jobs.

 Similarly, in the past, it was very common for children to follow their parents into a certain profession. For example, farmers had children who became farmers and hat makers taught their children how to make hats. However, parents today tend to encourage their children to plan for their own future. In other words, children nowadays are freer to choose their own jobs. They are no longer born into an occupation.

 It is in the teenage years that people become sure about their interests and start thinking about what they want to do in the future. Compared to past generations, children now are less influenced by their parents, but they still need advice and help during this confusing period of time.

39. The best title of the passage would be “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

(A) How to Choose a Job

(B) The Family Influences in the Past and Now

(C) How to Face the Changes in Teenage Years

(D) Teenagers’ Future in Our Country

40. According to the passage, which of the following plays a more important part in teenagers’ interests nowadays?

(A) The influence from parents.

(B) Television and the Internet.
(C) The classmates’ influence.

(D) The books that teenagers read.

41. According to the passage, which of the following statements is **true**?

(A) In the past, family had a greater influence on one’s interest and job.
(B) Nowadays, parents no longer encourage their children to plan for their own future.
(C) Family influence on children is the same throughout the history.
(D) Children are now born into an occupation.

Household electrical pollution forms 20 percent of all the pollution in the world. In 1992, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) of the U.S. government suggested a program called “Energy Star” to help with the pollution problem. It intends to improve air quality by reducing electricity use at homes.

 Energy Star’s concern is to reduce global warming, and the solution is to use energy-saving products at home. The program has created various energy-saving products, such as computers, TVs, clocks, and so on. Since the program of Energy Star started, it has saved over ten billion dollars each year on energy costs in the U.S.

 Energy Star is also used for cutting down the standby (待機的) power of electrical equipment. Standby power is the electricity required to keep electrical products in standby mode. When a plug (插頭) is put into a socket (插座), the product uses electricity no matter the machine is working or not. It then wastes much electricity, and people have to pay extra money for it. Therefore, many governments advise people to use electrical products with the “Energy Star” logo. These products would not only reduce electricity use but also save money.

 Energy Star is certainly one of the best solutions to reduce household electrical pollution. The program is also running in Taiwan. We can join the program by using energy-saving products and help save the earth.

42. Which of the following about Energy Star is **NOT** true?

(A) Its main purpose is to help with the pollution problem.

(B) It helps save over ten billion US dollars on energy costs every year.

(C) It was started over thirty years ago in both the U.S. and Taiwan.

(D) It is a program suggested by the EPA of the U.S. government.

43. Energy Star’s concern is to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

(A) keep electrical products in standby mode
(B) prevent the earth from getting warmer
(C) turn itself into a well-known program
(D) sell as many electrical products as possible

44. According to the passage, the Energy Star program \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

(A) is practiced only in Taiwan

(B) is practiced only by government officials

(C) helps reduce household electrical pollution

(D) makes the air quality worse

五、配合題(20%)

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (A) memorize | (B) predict | (C) blame | (D) admire | (E) educate |

45. Emily liked the poem very much, so she decided to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ every word of it.

46. It is difficult to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when a natural disaster will occur.

47. The purpose of this activity is to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ children about modern art.

48. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Laura for her excellent cooking skills.

49. Don’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Albert for the problem. He had nothing to do with it.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| (A) persuade | (B) heal | (C) complete | (D) major | (E) compete |

50. I know nothing about the man over there. He is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_stranger to me.

51. Our \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ problem is a lack of money. Without enough money, it is hard to finish the work.

52. Andy tried to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Kathy to go out with him, but she rejected him.

53. The small bookstore couldn’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with the bigger ones and had to close down.

54. The doctor said it might take six months for my broken arm to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

六、句子重組，請選出正確的語序(4%)

55. (1) sounds / (2) The restaurant/ (3) a wonderful place/ (4) for celebrations/ (5) like

(A) (2)🡪(1)🡪 (5) 🡪(3) 🡪 (4).
(B) (2)🡪(1)🡪(3) 🡪 (5) 🡪(4).

(C) (2)🡪 (5)🡪 (1)🡪 (3) 🡪(4).

(D) (2)🡪 (5)🡪(3) 🡪(1) 🡪 (4).

56. (1) you say, / (2) I won’t / (3) believe it/ (4) what / (5)No matter

(A) (5)🡪(1)🡪 (4) 🡪(3) 🡪 (2).
(B) (5)🡪(4)🡪(3) 🡪 (1) 🡪(2).

(C) (5)🡪 (1)🡪 (4)🡪 (2) 🡪(3).

(D) (5)🡪 (4)🡪(1) 🡪(2) 🡪 (3).